10.—Quinquennial Population of the Prairie Provinces.

The Census and Statistics Act, 1905, provided for taking a census of population and agriculture in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta in 1906 and in every tenth year thereafter, thus instituting, in addition to the general decennial census for all Canada, a quinquennial census of population and agriculture for the three prairie provinces. The quinquennial census of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta was therefore taken as for June 1, 1916, and the complete results were published in a report dated January 12, 1918. A summary of the principal data was published in the Year Book for 1918, pages 105-112.

Total Population of Prairie Provinces.—The male and female population of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta (a) by provinces, (b) by the electoral districts constituted by the Representation Act, 1914 (4-5 Geo. V, c. 51), and (c) by cities, towns and villages, as compared with the population by sex for 1911 and by totals for 1901 and 1906, was published in the Year Book of 1916-17 (pp. 95-105). The total population of the three prairie provinces in 1916 was returned as 1,698,220, as compared with 1,328,121 in 1911, 808,863 in 1906 and 419,512 in 1901. As the population of the prairie provinces in 1921 was 1,956,082, the increase during the five year period since 1916 was 257,862 or 15·18 p.c. This comparatively low rate of increase, as compared with the increase of 28 p.c. during the five years ended 1916, was undoubtedly due to the effect of the war in restricting immigration. Table 34 shows the population of the prairie provinces for 1901, 1906, 1911, 1916 and 1921, the population being distinguished by sex for 1911 and 1916. In Table 35 are furnished statistics of the population of Manitoba from 1870, and of Saskatchewan and Alberta from 1901, with the percentage of increase in each quinquennium.

34	-Population	of the	Prairie	Provinces.	1941	190£.	1911	1916 and	1921
UI-	T OLOTHATOR	UR URIC			TOTAL.	LUUU		TAID GHU	LUNI

Provinces.	1901.	1906. 1911.					1921.			
1 rovinces.	Total.	Total.	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.	Males.	Fe- males.	Total.	Total.	
Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta	255,211 91,279 73,022		291,730	200,702		294,609 363,787 277,256	259, 251 284, 048 219, 269	553,860 647,835 496,525	610, 118 757, 510 588, 454	
Total	419,512	808,863	768,476	559,645	1,328,121	935,652	762,568	1,698,220	1,956,083	

35.—Population of the Prairie Provinces by Sex at each Census Period from 1870 for Manitoba and from 1901 for Saskatchewan and Alberta.

D		Increase over Preceding Census.							
Province and Years.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.		Females.		Total.	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	p.c.	No.	p.c.	No.	p.c.
Manitoba—					·		ļ ⁻		,
1870	6,317		12,228		-	-	-	-	-
1881	35,123		62,260		456.01		$ 359 \cdot 10 $	50,032	
1886	59,594	49,046	108,640	24,471	69 • 67	21,909			
1891	84,342	68, 164	152,506	24,748	41.53	19,118	38.98	43,866	
1896	1	1]	193,425	-	- 1	-	-	40,919	
19012	138,504		255,211	54, 162	64 · 22	48, 543		102,705	
1906	205, 183		365,688	66,679		43,798		110,477	
1911	252,954	208,440	461,394	47,771	$23 \cdot 28$	47,935	29.87	95,706	26-1
1916	294,609	259, 251	553,860	41,655	16 - 51	50,811		92,466	20.0
1921	320,567	289.551	610, 118	25,958	8.81	30.300	11.69	56,258	10-1

¹ In 1896 the Census consisted of a count of population only.

² Ten-year increase shown.